

## Weld Cylinder Bore Increase

**Productivity**: Increasing the weld cylinder bore will provide greater forces for weld applications that need it.

Fundamentally, spot welding is only a function of three simple variables: Current (a.k.a. "heat"), Time, and Force. Force is equally as important as your welding Current and Time. As your material thickness increases, you need greater clamping force.

Many new high-strength steels, stainless steels, Titanium, and other metals require higher clamping forces than traditional mild steel. For this reason, we offer an upgrade in the size of the air cylinder.



NOTE: Simply increasing the air cylinder bore will not always allow a machine to weld greater material thicknesses! There is an upper limit to what the frame of the welder is able to handle. It is typically directly related to throat depth. (Throat depth on a spot welder is the distance from the electrodes to the first obstruction on the machine). The greater the throat depth (cantilever), the more the frame will flex. Flex on a welder will provide inconsistent and poor welds.

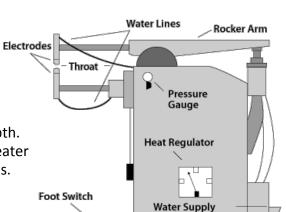
Electrode Force Fe

Welding Current

Fe - Electrode Force (kN)

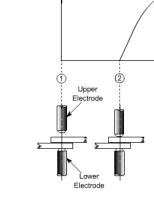
Iw - Welding Current (kA)

Time T



## **OPTIMUM CONDITIONS** SCHEDULES FOR SPOT WELDING LOW CARBON STEEL-SAE 1010

DATA COMMON TO ALL CLASSES				WELDING SET-UP FOR BEST					WELDING SET-UP FOR MEDIUM				WELDING SET-UP FOR GOOD						
OF SPOT WELDS				QUALITY—CLASS A WELDS					QUALITY—CLASS B WELDS				QUALITY-CLASS C WELDS						
	Diam. 8	Max. d	Min. Weld Spacing (Note 4) Inches	Min. Con- tacting Overlap (Note 6) Inches	Weld Time (Note 7) Cycles	Elec- trode Force Pounds	Wold- ing Cur- rent Amps.	Diam. of Fused Zone Dw	Average Tensile Shear Strength ±14% Pounds	Weld Time (Note 7) Cycles	Elec- trode Force Pounds	Weld- ing Cur- rent Amps.	Diam. of Fused Zone	Average Tensile Shear Strength ±17% Pounds	Weld Time (Note 7) Cycles	Elec- trode Force Pounds	Weld- ing Current Amps.	Diam. of Fused Zone Dw inches	Average Tensile Shear Strength ±20% Pounds
.010	1/2	1/8	1/4	3/8	4	200	4000	.13	235	5	130	3700	.12	200	15	65	3000	.11	160
.021	1/2	3/16	3/8	7/16	6	300	6100	.17	530	10	200	5100	.16	460	22	100	3800	.14	390
.031	1/2	3/16	1/2	7/16	8	400	8000	.21	980	15	275	6300	.20	850	29	135	4700	.18	790
.040	5/8	1/4	3/4	1/2	10	500	9200	.23	1305	21	360	7500	.22	1230	38	180	5600	.21	1180
.050	5/8	1/4	7/8	9/16	12	650	10300	.25	1820	24	410	8000	.23	1700	42	205	6100	.22	1600
.062	5/8	1/4	1	5/8	14	800	11600	.27	2350	29	500	9000	.26	2150	48	250	6800	.25	2050
.078	5/8	5/16	1-1/8	11/16	21	1100	13300	.31	3225	36	650	10400	.30	3025	58	325	7900	.28	2900
.094	5/8	5/16	1-1/4	3/4	25	1300	14700	.34	4100	44	790	11400	.33	3900	66	390	8800	.31	3750
.109	7/8	3/8	1-5/16	13/16	29	1600	16100	.37	5300	50	960	12200	.36	5050	72	480	9500	.35	4850
.125	7/8	3/8	1-1/2	7/8	30	1800	17500	.40	6900	60	1140	12900	.39	6500	78	570	10000	.37	6150



0.1	Cyl.	PRESSURE, PSI., GAGE										
Cyl. Diam. In.	Area Sq.	30 40 50 60 70 80 90										
1	0.7854	24	31	39	47	55	63	71	79			
2	3.1416	94	126	157	188	220	251	283	314			
2.5	4.91	147	196	245	295	344	393	442	491			
3	7.07	212	283	353	424	495	565	636	707			
3.5	9.62	289	385	481	577	673	770	866	962			
4	12.57	377	503	628	754	880	1,005	1,131	1,257			
4.5	15.90	477	636	795	954	1,113	1,272	1,431	1,590			
5	19.64	589	785	982	1,178	1,374	1,571	1,767	1,963			
6	28.27	848	1,131	1,414	1,696	1,979	2,262	2,545	2,827			
7	38.49	1,155	1,539	1,924	2,309	2,694	3,079	3,464	3,848			
8	50.27	1,508	2,011	2,513	3,016	3,519	4,021	4,524	5,027			
9	63.62	1,909	2,545	3,181	3,817	4,453	5,089	5,726	6,362			
10	78.54	2,356	3,142	3,927	4,712	5,498	6,283	7,069	7,854			
12	113.10	3,393	4,524	5,655	6,786	7,917	9,048	10,179	11,310			
14	153.94	4,618	6,158	7,697	9,236	10,776	12,315	13,854	15,394			
16	201.06	6,032	8,042	10,053	12,064	14,074	16,085	18,096	20,106			
18	254.47	7,634	10,179	12,723	15,268	17,813	20,358	22,902	25,447			
20	314.16	9,425	12,566	15,708	18,850	21,991	25,133	28,274	31,416			
For Hydrau	lic pressures	, multiply	pressure per	r sq. in. and I	resultant pre	essures by 1	0.					